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THE HARTFORD HERALD.

"I COME, THE HERALD OF A NOISY WORLD, THE NEWS OF ALL NATIONS LUMBERING AT MY BACK."

VOL. 2.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., AUGUST 30, 1876.

NO. 34.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Size	1 Week	2 Weeks	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months
One...	\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$7.50
Two...	1.75	2.50	4.00	7.50	10.00
Three...	2.50	3.50	5.00	10.00	15.00
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6 Col.	6.00	8.00	12.00	18.00	30.00
7 Col.	10.00	15.00	20.00	35.00	50.00

For shorter time, at proportionate rates.
One inch of space constitutes a square.

He Wanted to Sell a Patent.

Soon after dinner yesterday a very pleasant-faced man having something wrapped up in a paper under his arm, called at a Detroit hotel and requested a few minutes conversation with the landlord. When they were seated the stranger began:

"I am an old landlord myself. I kept a hotel in St. Louis twenty-five years."

"Yes," was the non-committal reply of the landlord.

"And, of course, I know all about the inconveniences of hotel-keeping," resumed the man. "There were bugs around the beds in my hotel, and there are bugs around the beds in every hotel, I suppose. Of course, I used to lie to the guests, but the bugs were there, and I knew it."

"What do you mean?" demanded the landlord growing red clear round his neck.

"Just keep right still," replied the man, "for now I'm coming down to biz. This is the Summer season, isn't it, and the only season when the bugs bite? In the winter season they are dormant, and unless there's a fire in the room they don't get into their work on the weary traveler. Well, the summer season is the season for the mosquito also. All hotels and houses have mosquitoes, and nothing is thought of it. They seem to be a sort of necessity. Travelers will raise a howl over bugs, but they never even grumble at anyone about mosquitoes."

"Sir! do you think I keep a junk shop?" roared the landlord.

"No, sir, I don't. This is a regular hotel, and a very good one. As I was going to remark, I have invented and patented a machine operated by a boy and crank, which you and all other landlords want and will have. It is a machine to imitate the hum of mosquitoes. Its notes can be heard all over each floor, and with a good boy at the crank there can be no failure. The traveler just dozing off to sleep hears the hum. At the same time a bug works out from under the cover. Then more hums and more bugs. Actually, sir, without any lying or exaggerating, men will strike and claw the air all night long to kill imaginary mosquitoes, while the bed bugs go unmolested and grow fat. The hum is a perfect imitation, and has even deceived Yale College professors. Without it, your guests will blow around about bugs. With it, no traveler will mention bugs at all, but will rip and tear at the mosquitoes."

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"Do you mean to insult me?" shouted the landlord.

"No, sir."

"But you talk as if I had bugs in my house!"

"I'll tell you what I'll do, landlord. I'll examine five beds, and if I don't find bugs in at least three of them, I'll give you a machine for nothing."

"A Preference."

"If you prefer the keg of lager or the bottle of wine to me," said Mary, "just take them to the magistrate and get married to them."

"What do you mean?" said John.

"Just what I say. I don't want a young man to come here evenings chewing cloves to hide his breath, and conceal his habit of drinking. If you like lager more than you love me, just marry it at once, and don't divide your affections between woman and wine, or a woman and lager. Love and liquor have no affinity."

"Why, Mary, how you talk!" ex claimed John.

"Yes, I mean what I say; unless you sign the pledge and keep it, you had better not come here any more."

John did sign the pledge, and he kept it, and he married Mary.

An editor is described as a man who is liable to grammatical blunders, toothache, typographical errors, and lapses of memory, and has twenty-five thousand people watching to catch him tripping—a man of sorrow and pain, who was made against the Democratic standard-bearer, the friends of Governor Tilden could not sit quietly by and listen. An occasion of this kind called from Mr. Abram S. Hewitt, the closing evening, one of the best speeches of the session. Our honored member completely demolished the lies which were professing to be gentleman, and journals proclaiming their respectability, are manufacturing and circulating through the country, and from his seat in the House placed

A LONG BRANCH woman, or a woman temporarily sojourning at Long Branch, wears the golden collar of her terrier dog as a bracelet. She loved that puppy.

APOTHECARIES at the seaside resorts are almost as bad as the hotel keepers, for they cheat and swindle fearfully on the stales of drugs and cheapest of medicines.

THE West Point cadet who shot an amateur hackman is an object of sympathy. Had he only shot a book agent he would have been promoted.

FORTUNE is painted with closed eyes, and there is possibly an unknown reference to this fact in the popular saying of trusting to luck and going it blind.

The Worn-out Font of Type.

I'm sitting by my desk, George; Before me lies the floor. There lies a worn-out font of type, Full twenty thousand score. And many mouths have passed, George. Since they were bright and new, And many are the tales they've told— The false, the strange, the true.

What tales of horror they have told, Of tempest and of wreck;

Of murder in the midnight hour, Of war till many a "speak!"

Of ships that lost away at sea Went down before the blast,

Of shifted cries of agony As life's last moments passed.

Of earthquakes and of suicides, Of failing crops of cotton, banks, And banking systems rotten.

Of riots, duels fought, Of soldiers with their prey.

Of thieves, their booty caught.

Of flood, and fire, and accident,

Those worn-out types have told, And how the pestilence has swept

The youthful and the old;

Of marriages, of births and deaths,

Of fashions to please or vex us,

Of one man jumping overboard,

Another gone to Texas.

The've told how sweet summer days Have faded from our view,

How autumn's chilling winds have swept

The leaf-crowned forests through;

How winter's snow hath come and gone—

Dark ring of storm and strife—

And how the smiling spring hath warmed

The pale flowers back to life.

I can't pretend to mention half

My inky friends have told,

Since shining bright and beautiful

They issued from the mould—

How some they joy have brought,

Yet faithfully the record kept

Of fast receding years.

For the HERALD.

Zach Brown.

Our friend Zach Brown is a Radical of the enthusiastic kind, he effervesces for very slight causes; his wife, on the other hand, takes no stock in the Radical bank, but politics is not the only rock upon which they split. Zach finds it pretty hot on occasions, which to a man whose avaricious foots up to within an ounce or two of two hundred, is not very pleasant with the thermometer at 98 degrees and rising.

His domestic troubles, though frequent, are transient in their nature, and his heroic attempts to break the force of the peculiar circumstances by which he is surrounded, by volunteering to do the churning after one of his connubial squalls, are very commendable. Unfortunately for him, these flurries of industry and reform are about as successful as Radical attempts at retrenchment and reform generally are.

A day or two ago his enthusiasm worked up to fever heat, but Zach never mounted his political stilt without, somehow, meeting an inglorious fall, not since he married! So to cool the fire he had kindled, he essayed to play the affectionate and model husband, by offering to help his wife do the morning chores. Naturally his eyes turned towards the churn, for what man is there who is not ready to avow that his ability for making the butter come fair surpasses all others?

Mrs. Brown nodded a short, quick, nervous kind of nod—a nod which said as plain as words, "Yes, and go about it quick, or you'll have another storm about your ears worse than the one you've just had." Brown ignited his pipe, took his Radical Bible (the Daily Commercial) and sat down to his work.

The churn was a two-gallon crock, and Mrs. Brown expected a splendid cake of rich, yellow butter as the result of the enterprise, her investment being one and a half gallons of good cream. Company was expected that day for dinner, and as the good dame, in her imagination, saw the pleased countenance of her visitors at beholding the tempting pail in the butter dish, her smile was childlike and bland.

Zach Brown, like many a good man before him, miscalculated his native ability. Smoking an old stone pipe, reading the Commercial and working the churn dashed at one and the same time proved too much for him. It was the Commercial, though, which brought on the climax. The editorial encomiums of that delectable sheet upon the letter of acceptance from Cincinnati's new fledged, modern Reformer were so sweetly modulated, so artistically sugar-coated as to completely enthrone the unfortunate Brown.

Forgetful of his surroundings—forgetful of storms and thunder gusts—forgetful of everything except Radical panegyrics—back went his head, his pipe falling on the floor behind him, out went his feet, and out, too, went the churn, rolling down three steps into the ground and falling into three pieces. There was a deposit of butter on each

step, and a mixture of butter, butter-milk and mud just beyond the lower step. Brown heeded not the catastrophe, but swung the banner of inspiration above his head, spasmodically ejaculating, "I George! the greatest man in the party! President, sure's gun! 'rh! "

His boyish enthusiasm was soon changed to dismay as he beheld the ruin occasioned by his youthful premonitions.

"What will Mrs. Brown say? Thunder and lightning—the churn in pieces—Durn that paper! it brought all this this devilish luck about!"

Mrs. B. happened, just at that impudent moment, to put in an appearance. She took in the situation at a glance. Her disappointment may well be imagined. Butter lost, churn broken, butter-milk wasted and company for dinner—too bad, too bad.

Her face brightened, there was fire in her eye, and quick as though her hands were in the heterogenous mass, and equally quick there was an oily application to Brown's physiognomy. Misfortunes never come singly. Zach thought so on the present occasion, as Mrs. B., taking up the largest piece of the broken churn, applied it with peculiar directness to that division of his body which Gen. Pope called his *head-quarters* during the late "unpleasantness." Zack hurried out of harm's way, and with most woe-begone expression of countenance, said, apologetically, "See here, ole 'oman, how in thunder could a fellow help 'accident'?"

"Zach Brown," thundered the madamed female, "where'll we get butter for dinner, tell me that?"

"Damphino," said Zach, "'rh! for Whazin Heeler!"

For the HERALD.

To Whom She Could Never Love.

A woman never quite forgets the man who first loved her. She may not have loved him; she may have given him a "no" instead of the "yes" he hoped for; but the remembrance that he desired the "yes" always softens her thoughts of him, and would make him, were he minded it should be so, a friend forever. There are girls who make a jest of discarded suitors, but they are generally very young, and the winking may not have caused them to separate, and boundless occur may roll between them—they may never meet, still each heart will beat for the other. But she cannot forget the one she has sent from her to go his way and come no more. She is glad when she hears of his success; grieves when she knows that he has suffered. When she heard he was married—she who, at all events, would never have married him—is she glad then? I do not know—I do not believe she knows herself. Glad, yes, and is his wife pretty and nice; and often she says to herself, "I hope he has quite forgotten,—Oh, how I would like to meet them, and know that they like me. A. E. W.

A book agent who started out to canvass for "The Tribulations of the Martyrs," was kicked out of five offices the first day, and nearly scolded to death by an irate woman whom he interrupted in her culinary duties. Now he swears that the tribulations of their native land enacted laws for far more rigorous and oppressive than those for which they had forsaken home and the land of their birth." Now as it is well-known that it always requires a majority of any law-making body to make a law that is valid, it can be seen at a glance that this could not have been the moving cause of the people's rebellion, for of course had it been, as the oppressors were in the majority the cause of liberty would have been nipped in the bud without the aid of British authority.

The aforesaid speaker said that the various taxes that were imposed on the American people were to pay expenses incurred by the English government in war for the protection of the people against the depredations of the French and Indians, whose lawless hordes, at different times, infested the country. Ah, yes, there we have it! To prevent the French from encroaching on English territory, to extend the power

A Letter From Paradise.

PARADISE, KY., Aug. 28, 1876.

Editor Herald:

It is with much timidity that I attempt to advance a few ideas of my own regarding the actions of our forefathers in the days of '76, but having heard the justice of their cause called into question, in not having sufficient civil cause to justify them in the course they pursued, I deem it not wrong that my views, however insignificant, should appear along with the rest.

In listening to a discourse on centennial subjects sometime since, I was somewhat surprised to hear the actions of the people regarding the stamp act and tea tax denominated as acts of rowdyism, and unworthy to be classed among the patriotic acts of men, and the clamoring of the people for the repeal of the same, merely the cry of a lawless mob. The actions of the Boston tea party were also severely criticized, inasmuch as their anger was not being vented on the government of England, but on an innocent trader who had brought his goods for barter to an American port, and by this means destroying the fortunes of an innocent man. We would like to ask here if it is common in the affairs of a nation for the fortunes of an individual to be considered? Of course this tea party was only a demonstration, an act to declare the voice of the people; and they hoped by this means to have the obnoxious law repealed without resorting to other means.

The speaker, among other things, asserted that they (the people of the colonies) had no more right to raise the arm of rebellion against the acts of the British Parliament than we of the present day have to put down the iniquitous laws that curse our land, and are daily put in force around us. Upon this point we beg leave to differ for two reasons. First, the law-making body that sought to govern the people here was one composed of dwellers in a foreign land, of a people that could be expected to know but little of the wants of a people that dwelt on a continent situated thousands of miles from the land of their own nativity. Second, that while the colonists had no voice whatever in the making of laws, no representation with the interest of the people at heart to plead for their welfare in the halls of legislation, we of this republican age are virtually our own law-makers, the people from time having the right, as well as opportunity, to elect and place in the stead of such as have proved false to the trust reposed in them, by the enacting of laws contrary to the interests of their constituency, men honest and capable, who will work for the public good, and not solely for the advancement of their own individual ends. And when the people fail of their duty in the re-electing of those who have proved themselves enemies to liberty, they themselves are to blame, and therefore should not murmur; and the minor party in such cases being compelled to submit to the majority with or without a struggle, as the case may be.

The speaker above referred to did not deny that the people had not sufficient cause for war, but that the chief cause was the oppression under which the people groaned in church affairs. Now that this idea is erroneous is apparent from the fact that if the people were oppressed religiously (of which there is no doubt) they were their own oppressors, seemingly by the speaker's own consent, for said he, "The people in fleeing from religious persecutions in their native land enacted laws far more rigorous and oppressive than those for which they had forsaken home and the land of their birth." Now as it is well-known that it always requires a majority of any law-making body to make a law that is valid, it can be seen at a glance that this could not have been the moving cause of the people's rebellion, for of course had it been, as the oppressors were in the majority the cause of liberty would have been nipped in the bud without the aid of British authority.

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THE HERALD.

JOHN P. BARRETT, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1876.

DEMOCRATIC REFORM TICKET

FOR PRESIDENT,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

The Best Bargain Yet.

We will send the HERALD to any address from now to the first of January, 1877, for 50 cents. Subscribe at once and get the benefit of all the time.

THE Webster county convention failed to make a nomination for Congress.

DAVIESS county held a precinct Congressional convention last Saturday, and instructed for McKenzie by about 300 majority.

THE Democrats in Congress have justified the faith and expectations of the people, and can fearlessly place their record before the country, and upon it ask a renewal of its confidence.

THE Republican state convention of New York nominated Hon. E. D. Morgan for Governor, and passed resolutions denouncing the Democrats and recognizing the patriotism and public service of President Grant.

THE Republicans are very anxious about HENDRICKS, because Democrats don't write him up more. He is pretty well known in Indiana, and his endorsement he will October will answer as a biography.

FOR ten years past the aggregate Canal tax in the state of New York amounted to \$22,796,156.46, being an average of \$2,276,615 a year. In 1874, under Gov. Dix (Republican), the Canal tax was \$2,547,819.04. In 1876, under Gov. Tilden it is nothing, Gov. Tilden having demonstrated that no tax was needed, yet the canals were never kept in better order. How is that for reform.

THE Liberal Republicans from eighteen counties in New York met in convention at Saratoga on the 23d inst., and endorsed Tilden and Hendricks—and advised all the Liberals everywhere to do likewise—as the best and only means of saving the country from the ruin which eats it. The Republican papers have been telling us all the time that the Liberals would support Hayes and Wheeler. The other counties of the state endorsed Hayes and Wheeler.

RE UNION.—The commissioners appointed by the Methodist Episcopal South and the Methodist Episcopal church to effect a reunion of these two churches, met at Cape May about the 13th and adjourned on the 23d inst. They agreed upon a basis of reunion quite satisfactory to both branches of the methodist families. This is a great step in the right direction, and will far in abating the prejudices and healing the wounds caused by the late unities, and further, it will increase the power and influence of this already powerful religious denomination.

THE late Democratic Congress reduced the number of its employees 1,200 less than it has been for 16 years, but the Rep. in Senate would only agree to a reduction of 750. This reduction makes a saving of thirty millions a year. Suppose this reduction had been made so, as peace was established, then a saving of \$300,000,000 would have been made. The interest on that much would amount to \$160,000,000. Here is an extravagance of 400,000,000 adults 1 by the Rep. in Senate. In 1874 the miscellaneous expense account of the House, for the distribution of documents under Repub. in rule, was \$19,519.87. In 1876, under Democratic rule, only \$69,791.21 had been so used. Is it not about true for a change?

GOVERNOR TILDEN told the secretary of the Treasury, in 1865, that the only way by which one can avoid the evils of financial embarrassment is to live within his income. He would give up the whole of the "legislature of finance and financing" for the old homely maxim, "Live within your income." Had this advice been heeded and acted on, we should not now be deplored the fact that our country is bankrupt, and its people impoverished. Our candidates in these plain words expounded the whole system of honest management, and when he is at the head of affairs, we shall see it acted on, and feel again the cheerful warmth of the sun of prosperity which has so long been hidden from our sight by the clouds that overshadow us.

Hayes as a Reformer.

Hayes claims to be a Reformer, and Tilden, we know, is a Reformer. We know that Tilden is Reformer by his record as Governor of New York. Mr. Hayes has his claim. In this respect, even, he has the advantage of Tilden; Tilden is serving his first term. Hayes is in his third. Let us then look for a moment or two at his record, and see upon what kind of a foundation rests his claim to the title of Reformer.

During the Governorship of Gen. Noyes, there grew up in the State a gigantic system of swindling, by means of which the spouses of the county officers amounted to about five times the sum expended by the Legislative, Judicial and Executive departments combined. Every cent of accumulation was affected by the greed of these county ringers; the expenses of widows and orphans were made to exceed the amount of money so successfully, that, in certain cases, their emoluments exceeded in value the salaries of the judges of the Supreme Court. Gov. Hayes succeeded Gen. Noyes for two terms, and during this time nothing was done to correct these abuses.

Then came the term of Governor Allen, and he immediately gave his attention to a certification of the matter, and, after considerable exertion, he managed to put a stop to the wholesale fleecing of the people. A law was passed by which an annual reduction of \$285,000 was made in the amounts to be disbursed, as compensation to the County offices. Last year Hayes came again into office, and under Republican auspices, all the pressure possible was brought to bear upon the Legislature, to induce it to grant a reduction of the privileges of which the county offices had been deprived by Governor Allen. Their labors were rewarded with success. Although in the meantime, new officers had been elected, a law for the reduction of the diminished compensation, yet, the law which the Democratic Legislature had passed was repealed, and the new bill made retroactive in its operation, thus not only rectifying the abuses, but nullifying the influence or their votes for money or for an office, of scamps who have bartered the rights, the liberties, and the possessions of the people for their private advantage; but our greatest misfortune has been that the destiny of the republic for more than a decade, have been controlled by astute schemers who have so arranged parties and their platforms as to frustrate your aims and thwart your endeavors; who have contrived the holocausts of both parties, in spite of their purposes and beliefs, whatever they did or attempted to do, to become the accessories and accomplices of scamps and thieves, unwittingly to aid and abet them in the perpetration of their iniquities, and permit the noblest aspirations and most patriotic impulses to be utilized as driving forces of machine which crushed the liberties of the people, and converted the labors of the many into the possessions of the few.

Proceedings of the Independent Greenback Convention.

At a meeting of the Independent party of Ohio county, held at the court-house in Hartford, Ky., on Saturday, August 26, 1876, on motion, Jas. D. Byers was called upon to preside, who, upon taking the chair, announced the objects of the meeting. Thereupon L. B. Loney was appointed Secretary.

On motion it was ordered that the chair appoint a committee of three on permanent organization and other objects, and whereupon L. L. Wise, I. B. Dexter and James Eudaly were appointed. Said committee, after due deliberation, made report that J. D. Byers, L. L. Wise, McSouthard, Walker, M. Stevens and L. B. Loney constitute a central committee for Ohio county. On motion the report of said committee was adopted. The committee also reported the following resolutions as expression of the sense of the meeting:

Resolved, That we, the Independents of Ohio county, endorse the platform adopted by the National Independent Greenback Convention of Indianapolis, held on the 17th of May last.

Resolved, That we, the Independent Greenback party of Ohio county, invite all citizens, without regard to former party affiliations, to unite with us for the establishment of the principles of commercial and industrial independence and equality of personal rights, for which said Independent party has been organized. And we, the Independents of Ohio county, hereby declare that the needed reform of the distressingly hard times can never be obtained from voting for either the candidates of the Republican or Democratic party, for the reason that capital is the magnet around which each

money men. The issue of the campaign with Tilden at the head of the Democratic party, is made very doubtful. It will be a hard fight. Tilden's war record, is a good one. He is all right there. As President, Mr. Tilden would sweep away corrupt men and abuses.

A Prominent German Republican for Tilden.

Extract from a Letter of J. H. Stallo of Ohio.

From the Cincinnati (Ohio) Commercial Journal:

I have come to say that I hope this Fall to assist, by my vote at least, in electing Samuel J. Tilden as President of the United States, and in enforcing the doctrines of his platform as I understand them. I shall find occasion, no doubt, at some time during the canvass, to state at length the reasons for my support of Governor Tilden upon the platform, the adoption of which preceded his nomination at St. Louis. To-night, when I am merely an intruder among the speakers whose counsel you naturally value more than mine, I must content myself with a very few simple suggestions.

Mr. Tilden has been nominated as the representative of reform. I am sure I am not behind any one in recognizing the necessity of reform, and I believe that Governor Tilden truly and worthily represents it. I believe this, not by reason of anything that he has said, or that has been said for him, but by reason of what he has done and is doing now. But the reform of our public life is a task to which the power of any one man is unequal. If we are to have reform it must come, not from one single individual, nor from one party, but from our whole people, or at least from the whole body of voters. And one of the first conditions of that reform, is that each vote which is cast at a Presidential or other election, express the will of the people, and not the will of a few individuals. Crammed full of brand new ideas, which are clearing to the sick, and curing the infirm, and removing enough to except disease. It guards the reader against the pitifuls of human suffering and points the way of deliverance to those who are themselves in misery, and who can tell all about it. It is for you. It's author, Dr. E. F. Foote, of 120 Lexington Avenue, New York. He is a man of great ability, in person and by letter, and has had the experience of nearly a quarter of a century in the treatment and management of disease. He is a man of great ability to write practical truths for the invalid reader. His consultations are free to the sick everywhere; he has a large number of patients all over the globe. You, READERS, ARE A LITTLE TOOKEN by the side author of Plain Home Remedy, and you will be struck by his Command. See. Whatever your malady, you will receive right which will do you good. Do not delay, call a man to you, and let him tell you all about it. Write to Dr. Foote, 120 Lexington Avenue, New York. He is a man of great ability, and you will be struck by his Command. See. 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THE HERALD.

IS PUBLISHED
EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING,
IN THE TOWN OF
HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KENTUCKY.

JOHN P. BARRETT,

AT THE PRICE OF
One Dollar and Fifty cents per Year.

Job work of every description done with
neatness and dispatch, at city prices. We have
a full line of jobs, and solicit the patronage
of the business community.

The postage on every copy of THE HERALD is
paid at this office.

The terms of subscription are \$1.50 per year,
invariably in advance.

Should the paper suspend publication, from
any cause, during the year, we will refund the
amount paid, or, if the paper is sold, or part of it,
we will give the unexpired portion of any paper of
the same price they may select.

Advertisements of business men are solicited;
except those of saloon keepers and dealers in
exciting liquors, which we will not admit to our
columns under any circumstances, and contributions for pub-
lications must be addressed to the Editor.

Communications are to be addressed to the Publishers,
which must be addressed to the Publishers.

General Local News.

LYCURGUS BARRETT, LOCAL EDITOR.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1876.

JUST RECEIVED.—200 pieces each
at L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

MIL. SCOTT THOMAS, young man
living near Rockport, Ind., and a
nephew to Judge J. H. Luce, of our
town, paid us a visit last Saturday.
He reports crops very good in his section.

Mrs. Sam Berry of Yazoo county
Miss., is visiting our town this week.
He is a nephew of Dr. W. J. Berry
of this place. He reports Mississippi
right side up for Tilden and Hendricks.

PARTIES ordering job-work by mail
should always address their letters to
the HERALD, instead of the editor personally.
One or two cases of the kind
have occurred during the editor's absence,
and, consequently, a delay was
made in getting up the work.

For a good pair Braggs go to
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

TAKE DOWN YOUR SIGN.—Uncle
Billy Wade, near Centertown, has
brought growing in his present crop the
leaves of which measure 33 inches long
and 30 inches wide, and says Mr. J. S.
Newcom must take down his sign
next. This is the largest yet reported.

WE CALL attention to the beautiful
picture on fourth page. It is the Central
hotel, Louisville, where everybody
stops when they go to that city. The
Kelly's are well-known to portions
of the State as generous and warm-
hearted gentlemen, and to all who
have stopped at the Central as clever
accommodating landlords.

JUST RECEIVED.—A complete in-
signment of Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and Shoes, &c., at

L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

MR. GEORGE BALTZEL, living one
and a half miles from this place, has
leaves of tobacco in his present growing
crop, that measure 11 inches long
and 25 inches wide. Mr. Shelly Baker,
living near Beaver Dam, has some
leaves in his crop that measure 27 by
37 inches.

MASTERS Roy Gregory and Eugene
Pendleton have erected a flag pole
near the residence of Judge W. F.
Gregory, and will raise a Tilden and
Hendricks flag to-day at 1 o'clock.
Sam E. Hill will deliver an address to
the boys on the occasion.

We'll rally round the good flag
With hearts both true and warm,
And give three earnest, ringing cheers
For Tilden and Reform."

LOOK HERE.—New Dress Goods
10cts. per yard at

L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

A LARGE number of the people of
our county availed themselves of the
pleasures of the excursion to Louisville
last Sunday. The train arrived at the
city about 11 o'clock and all required
to the Central Hotel for refreshments.
After partaking of a good dinner, they
visited some of the many places noted
for pleasure in the city, and at about
5 o'clock in the afternoon, left our
metropolis for their homes, highly pleased
with their visit.

SOME few weeks ago, Mr. Goodman
was putting up a lightning rod for Mr.
George H. Barnes, a few miles south
of here, and while engaged at the
work a rain came up, and the work-
men took shelter in the house. During
the rain the lightning struck a
green gum tree about three hundred
yards from the house and set it on fire.
It began to look like a necessity to
have a lightning rod about there somewhere.

JUST RECEIVED.—Men's, Boys' and
Youths' Clothing, latest styles at
L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

Another Old Citizen Passed Away

From Caneville.

CANEVILLE, Ky., Aug 28, '76.
Col. R. T. Bell departed this life, at
the residence of his daughter, Mrs.
Ellen Sullenger, in Ohio county, on
Monday evening, August 28th, 1876, aged
nearly 84 years.

The old veteran was born in Wood-
ford county, in this State, in November,
1792, and served as a volunteer
under Gov. Isaac Shelby during the
war of 1812; removed to Ohio county
about the year 1833; was twice elected
to represent this county in the lower
house of the Kentucky legislature,
and appointed deputy U. S. Marshal
to take the census of Ohio county in
1860, which he did in a manner creditable
to himself and satisfactory to the
Government, and, during his long and
useful life, filled many positions of
public trust and confidence.

He has another of our defenders
during the second struggle for inde-
pendence passed away during the
centennial anniversary of our national ex-
istence, to be seen no more of men.
But he died full of years and full of
honors, mourned by his two faithful
daughters, his only surviving children,
numerous grand children, and loving
friends and neighbors who watched by
his bed-side and ministered to his wants
with unceasing vigilance, and whose
watchful care and kind attention did
much to alleviate the sufferings of the
aged invalid.

He died in the hope of a glorious
immortality, and retained the full pos-
session of his mental faculties to the last
and up to the very hour of his death
manifested a large interest in the
affairs of his people and country.

JUST RECEIVED.—Ladies Fall and
Winter Hats.

L. ROSENBERG & BRO.

THE examining trial of John S.
Moore for the killing of John W. Stearn-
man was concluded before Messrs.
Coffman and Rader at Coraico last
Friday, and the defendant was com-
mitted for trial and denied bail.
His counsel, Messrs. Walker & Hub-
bard, think he was excusable under
the law and testimony, and have filed
a petition before the hon. Judge W.
F. Gregory praying for a writ of *habeas*
corpus, who will determine whether he
is entitled to bail or not.

LADIES, go to L. Rosenberg & Bro's
and buy your Tammings cheap.

DEATHS.

DIED.—At the residence of her father,
Thomas Stevens Esq., at Beaver Dam,
on Saturday evening, August 25th, 1876,
Miss Florence Stevens.

The early death of this interesting
and amiable young lady has thrown a
cloud of sorrow over a large circle of
friends and acquaintances, and the
tear of grief will trickle down the fair
face of many a recent mate of the
deceased when they read this an-
nouncement that Florence is no longer
of this world.

Miss Florence had but recently quit
school and entered the battle of life full
of youthful vigor and hope. Possessing
a fine form and presence, to which
were added mental grace and culture
of high order, and, above all, a sweet-
ness of temper and kindness of dis-
position, what wonder is it that she
was a general favorite in the social circle,
and the crowning joy and pride of the
little family. An only daughter and
sister, she was the especial delight
of parents and brothers, and was re-
warded with a degree of care that could
only be expected would be bestowed
upon an only daughter by a watchful
and affectionate mother and kind and
liberal father, and right nobly and well
did she reciprocate all the watchful
care and great wealth of affection be-
stowed upon her by parents and brothers;
for a daughter she was affectionate
and dutiful, and as a sister loving
and kind, while many now grief-
stricken school-mate can testify that as
a friend she was faithful and true.

Blended as were the cardinal virtues
of her character, her death upon the
very portal of beautiful young woman-
hood furnishes additional evidence that
Death does indeed "love a shining
mark." The family in their deep af-
fliction have the sincere condolence of
many friends.

DIED.—At Hartford, Ky., August 23,
1876, about 11 o'clock a. m., little Nobe,
son of Mr. and Mrs. Joel F. Yager, in
the 3rd year of his life.

Nobie was an unusually bright and
interesting little boy, and gave fine
promise of making a brilliant and use-
ful man, and his premature death was
a heavy blow upon the loving parents,
and they have the sympathy of our
community in their sad bereavement.

Mr. E. C. Hubbard will deliver his
lecture "Genius and Industry," at Ce-
ralvo tomorrow night by request of the
citizens of that place. Those who have
heard him, say it is an excellent
lecture. Turn out and hear him.

NOTICE.—

All notes and accounts due me, that
are not paid by the first of November
next, will be put out for collection.

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Big Invention.

Lloyd, the famous map man, who
made all the maps for General Grant
and the Union army, certificates of
which he published, has just invented
a way of getting a relief plate from
steel so as to print Lloyd's Map of
American Continent—showing from
ocean to ocean—on one entire sheet of
bank note paper, 40x50 inches large,
on a lightning press, and colored, siz-
ed and varnished for the wall so as to
stand washing, and mailing anywhere
in the world for 30 cents, or unvarnished
for 25 cents. This map shows the
whole United States and Territories in
a group, from surveys to 1876, with a
million places on it, such as towns, cities,
villages, mountains, lakes, rivers,
streams, gold mines, railway stations,
etc. This map should be in every
house. Also, on the same plan, Lloyd's
Map of Philadelphia and the Centennial
grounds, showing every house, street
and number, with twenty-eight col-
umns of matter on reverse side of map
of Philadelphia, containing a sketch of
and guide to Philadelphia for strangers.
The whole on one entire sheet of bank
note paper, two inches larger than the
New York Herald, to fold and carry in
the pocket. Send 30 cents to the
Lloyd Map Company, Philadelphia,
and you will get a copy of either map
by return mail.

AM I A SOLDIER OF THE CROSS?

Games at marbles are much in
vogue here as a summer amusement.
Some of the boys are very expert
players, but Amos Stinson is the
most successful in knocking "milders"
or clearing the ring at one shot. He
plays alone against any opposition.

Will Prof. Tice predict for us a lit-
tle cool weather soon or sooner.

You are all aware that the Gray-
son Journal has changed editors.

School opened here a few days ago
under the management of Prof. Til-
ford. Success to you, dear John, in
your tutorage.

DR. P. O. BRANDON has removed to
Brooklyn, where he will follow his
profession. Dr. B. is a splendid
physician and surgeon, exercising
much care with patients and giving
good treatment to the sick.

Messrs. R. J. Daniel and Ed.
Thomas were in town last Thursday.

Ministers Board, Frazer and Ward
held a series of meetings here for ten
or twelve days prior to last Wednes-
day with design of reviving religious
interest in the community. The
meeting was well attended and several
of the uncovered became penitent
but there were no professions. The
ministers are highly commended for
their earnest and vigorous efforts at
moral reform.

The citizens have lately decided and
are making arrangements to have a
grand festival and concert here on the
2d of September, to acquire means
for building a church. An excursion
train will be on the road at the time,
and it is hoped that all who can will
attend. A few pleasant hours are
promised everybody coming.

Great Indemnity.

We will furnish the Hartford HER-
ALD and Weekly Courier Journal for
one year, for the small sum of \$3.00
and in addition thereto, each subscriber
will get a premium of a splendid
Lithograph. The Riverside Weekly, is
devoted to Temperance and Literature
and is one of the best family papers
we know of. Subscribers at once.

Club Rates.

We will send the Hartford
HERALD and the Riverside Weekly, for
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and in addition thereto, each subscriber
will get a premium of a splendid
Lithograph. The Riverside Weekly, is
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and is one of the best family papers
we know of. Subscribers at once.

Facility.

One-half of the Tuition will be due at the
time of the first Monday of September, 1876,
and continuing Two Weeks, under the charge of
Malcolm McElroy A. B., assisted by Miss
Sallie Peyton.

TERMS PER SESSION.

Primary Department \$10.00
Junior 15.00
Higher English 20.00
Latin, Greek or French (one or all) 25.00
Music on piano 20.00
Incidental Fee, to be paid before en-
rollment 1.00

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COLLEGE,

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